23 rd Junior Eco - Expert - Ecoproject

Our Country, Our Future, Our Responsibility

Visegrad Fund

GROUP 5: WATER AND FISHING POND SYSTEMS











Group leader: Mgr. Petr Novotný

Participants:

- Austria: Vincent Thaler, Lorenz Ehebruster, Dominik Koll and Sarah Gassner
- Czech Republic: Michaela Fryčová, Magdalena Wolfová, Michaela Kodadová
- Hungary: Erdei David Karoly, Kunder Lela and Kunder Botond
- Slovakia: Alexandra Nosálová and Karolina Kolláriková
- ▶ Poland: Kevin Urbaczka, Lukasz Krajewski and Pawet Zachorek
- Media group: Dominik Koll , Vincent Thaler

Building process of the ponds

1. FINDING THE BEST SPOT

- The water had to flow from the highest to the lowest point through a designated pathway.
- The pond area had to be free from various types of threats that could potentially damage the entire system.





Building process of the ponds

- Continuity of water flow in different scenarios and climatic conditions.
 - Geological analysis of the terrain to ensure stability and absence of significant tectonic movements.
- Hydrological studies to assess the availability of an adequate supply of clean water.
 - Evaluation of climatic conditions such as temperature, sunlight, and rainfall.

2.MEASUREMENTS



Comprehensive decision-making process considering technical and economic factors for system stability and efficiency.





Building process of the ponds





Summary:

- 1. site preparation and commencement of work
- 2. creating security and systems
- 3. creating an appropriate coastal area
- 4. making new roads and paths

PONDMAKERS

Josef Štěpánek Netolický

- 1460-1538
- Expanded ponds in Eastern Czech Republic (Žehuňský rybník) and in the Třeboň region.
- Constructed Zlata Stoka to supply the ponds with fresh water.
- Developed a system for transferring fish between ponds based on their size.
 - Introduced the practice of summer ponds.

Jakub Krčín

- 1569: Became regent of Rožmberk estates.
- Contributed to economic prosperity of Rožmberk property.
- Participated in construction of water pipeline to Prague Castle.
 - Built and expanded ponds in Třeboň region.
- Constructed largest pond in Rožmberk near Hlína village.

Dam measured 2,430 meters in length.
Pond's surface area approximately 1,060 hectares
(current size is smaller).

Introduction:

- We were researching the compounds of man-made fishing ponds and measuring values of water like pH and temperature around Veselí nad Lužnicí
- Local people acknowledged the fact that fishing pounds are beneficial from several point of views, pounds attract both tourists and conserving the natural habitat of endemic species
- Water plays a vital role in the identity of the town and also in sustainable development

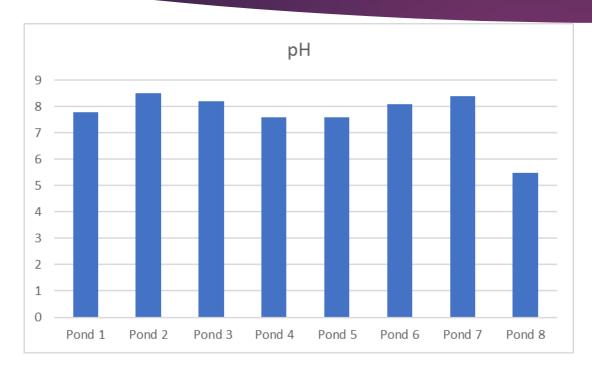


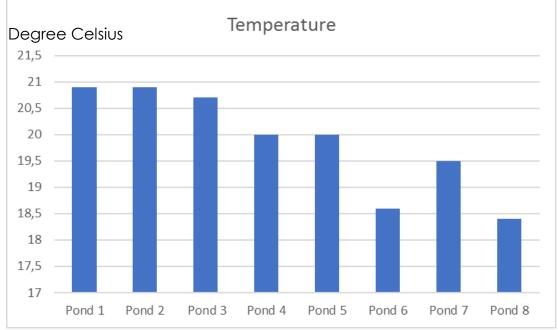




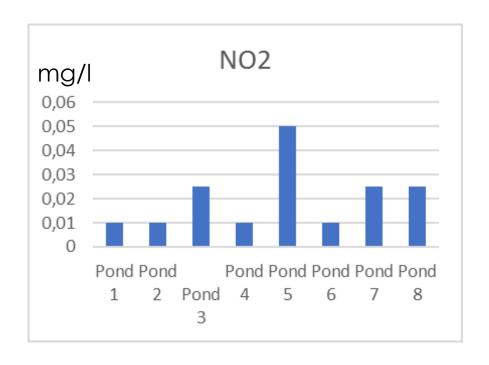


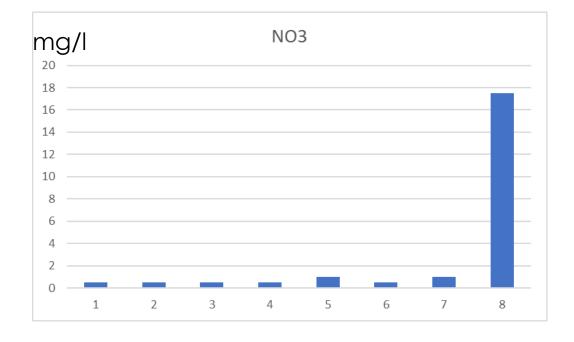
Results



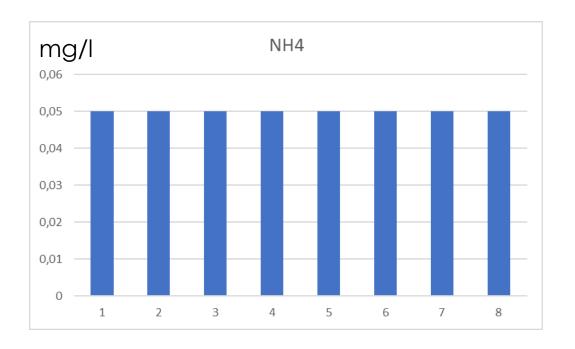


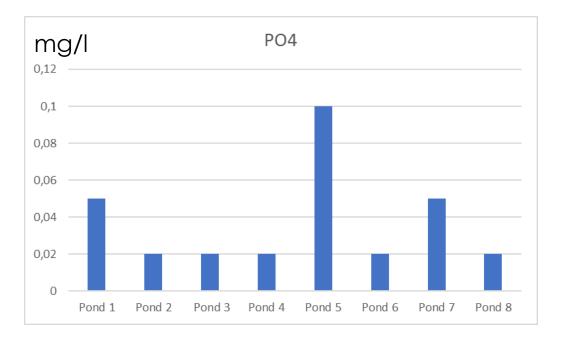
Results





Results





Location of the Ponds

- ▶1: Sandpit 1
- 2: Sandpit 2
- 3: Sandpit 3
- ▶4: Sandpit 4
- 5: Pond Horusický





Location of the Ponds

- 6: Pond Svět
- 7: Pond Opatovický
- 8: Peat Water near Borkovice





What the program gave us?

- ▶ Idk, trauma?
- We made new friendships
- We learned how to measure pH and temperature of water
- ► Sports experience
- Expanding our English vocabulary
- Much purple (we love purple...now)
- ► T-shirts, hats and pens for free
- Injured legs):
- Annoying mosquitos



And what the future holds for us ? IDK



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THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION